

FAIRVIEW FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 – 5
Combined Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet	6
Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	8
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	9 – 16

2700 Ygnacio Valley Road, Ste 270 Walnut Creek, CA 94598 (925) 932-3860 tel (925) 476-9930 efax

www.cropperaccountancy.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Fairview Fire Protection District Hayward, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Fairview Fire Protection District (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Managements' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the *State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain a reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and State regulation governing special districts.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3-5) and budgetary comparison information (page 8) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statement, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

CROPPER ROWE, LLP

Upper Love, LLS

Walnut Creek, California

January 11, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Fairview Fire Protection District (District), we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Financial Highlights and Analysis

At the close of Fiscal Year (FY) 2020-2021, the District remains in a strong position. The District has no debt, a fully funded capital replacement program, and fully funded operational and emergency reserves equaling 10% and 85% of its operating budget. In addition, the District continues to experience an annual operating surplus, where revenues slightly exceed expenditures. In FY 2020-2021, non-depreciation expenses increased 1.15%, due primarily to the CPI increase in the contract with Hayward. During the same time period, revenues increased by 2.70% due to increased property tax.

Due to these factors, the District increased its net position by \$406,177 in FY 2020-2021, or 6.17%. Thus far, the economic downturn has not impacted property taxes, but it is possible that the District will see a decline in revenue in FY2021-2022.

Overview of Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, which has a single fund.

The following is the District's condensed Statement of Net Position for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 as compared to fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. As stated above, the District increased its Net Position by 6.17% over the prior year.

Statement of Net Position	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20	Change \$	% Change		
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,817,643	\$ 5,422,920	\$ 394,723	7.28%		
Prepaid Expenses	18,540	8,658	9,882	114.14%		
Capital Assets, net accumulated						
depreciation	1,176,842	1,187,311	(10,469)	-0.88%		
Total Assets	7,013,025	6,618,889	394,136	5.95%		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued						
expenses	24,261	36,302	(12,041)	-33.17%		
Total Liabilities	24,261	36,302	(12,041)	-33.17%		
NET POSITION						
Investment in capital assets, net of						
related debt	1,176,842	1,187,311	(10,469)	-0.88%		
Unrestricted Fund Balance	5,811,922	5,395,276	416,646	7.72%		
Total Net Position	\$ 6,988,764	\$ 6,582,587	\$ 406,177	6.17%		

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following is the District's condensed statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 as compared to fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. As mentioned above, revenues increased 2.70%, while expenses increased 1.15%, not accounting for depreciation. With depreciation, the dollar increase in expenses was 1.47%. Because the district continues to have surplus revenue, the net position increased by 6.17%.

Statement of Activities	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20	\$ Change	% Change				
REVENUES								
Property tax and assessments	\$ 3,966,129	\$ 3,810,445	\$ 155,684	4.09%				
Emergency medical services	27,275	27,131	144	0.53%				
Interest of investment	74,279	123,031	(48,752)	-39.63%				
Other Revenues	166	409	(243)	-59.41%				
Total Revenues	4,067,849	3,961,016	106,833	2.70%				
EXPENSES								
Fire protection and EMS services	3,206,992	3,172,099	34,893	1.10%				
General and administration	223,864	219,874	3,990	1.81%				
Total Expenses without Depreciation	3,430,856	3,391,973	38,883	1.15%				
Depreciation of Assets	230,816	216,575	14,241	6.58%				
Total Expenses + Depreciation	3,661,672 3,608,548		53,124	1.47%				
	1061==	2.52 4.62	-2 - 00	4 7 9 40 (
Excess of Revenue over Expenses	406,177	352,468	53,709	15.24%				
Beginning Net Position	6,582,587	6,230,119	352,468	5.66%				
Ending Net Position	\$ 6,988,764	\$ 6,582,587	\$ 406,177	6.17%				

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, was \$1,176,842 as of June 30, 2021. The District's largest investments are in its improved structures and four vehicles, in addition to a range of field and office equipment.

Committed Funds: Capital Replacement Program

The District has one fund. Within this fund, the District has formally committed money towards the future replacement of its capital assets. The committed balances by category for FY 2019-2020 and FY 2020-2021 are listed on the next page.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Committed Funds	A	Apparatus		Apparatus Equipment Facilities		oment Facilities		Total
FY 2019-2020								
Starting Balance	\$	1,362,131	\$	181,930	\$	148,912	\$ 1,692,973	
Expenses		358,841		-		153,355	512,196	
Capital Contribution		151,839		24,489		107,197	283,525	
Ending Balance	\$	1,155,129	\$	206,419	\$	102,754	\$ 1,464,302	
FY 2020-2021								
Starting Balance	\$	1,155,129	\$	206,419	\$	102,754	\$ 1,464,302	
Expenses		220,347		-		-	220,347	
Capital Contribution		156,394		25,223		70,503	252,120	
Ending Balance	\$	1,091,176	\$	231,642	\$	173,257	\$ 1,496,075	

Assigned Funds: Operating and Emergency Reserves

The District has adopted a policy of assigning funds into an operating reserve equaling 10% of its operating budget and an emergency reserve equaling 85% of its operating budget. Both reserves are currently fully funded.

Debt Administration

The District has no debt.

Request for Information

Questions about this report and requests for additional information can be sent to:

Mike Preston, General Manager, FFPD

C/O Hayward Fire Department, 777 B St, Hayward, CA 94541

Ph# 510-583-4940

www.fairviewfiredistrict.org/contact/

FAIRVIEW FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT COMBINED GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2021

ASSETS	General Fund	Adjustments (Note 4)	Statement of Net Position
Current Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,817,643	\$ -	\$ 5,817,643
Prepaid expenses	18,540	1 176 942	18,540
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation		1,176,842	1,176,842
Total Assets	\$ 5,836,183	1,176,842	7,013,025
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 24,261	<u> </u>	24,261
Total Liabilities	24,261		24,261
FUND BALANCE			
Nonspendable	18,540	(18,540)	-
Restricted	-	-	-
Committed	1,496,075	(1,496,075)	-
Assigned	3,774,389	(3,774,389)	-
Unassigned	522,918	(522,918)	-
Total Fund Balance	5,811,922	(5,811,922)	_
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 5,836,183		
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		1,176,842	1,176,842
Unrestricted		5,811,922	5,811,922
Total Net Position		\$ 6,988,764	\$ 6,988,764

FAIRVIEW FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT COMBINED GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Adjustments (Note 5)	Statement of Activities
GENERAL REVENUES			
Property tax and assessments	\$ 3,966,129	\$ -	\$ 3,966,129
Emergency medical services	27,275	-	27,275
Interest of investments	74,279	-	74,279
Other revenues	166		166
Total Revenues	4,067,849		4,067,849
EXPENDITURES			
Fire protection services	3,206,992	-	3,206,992
Management	42,737	-	42,737
County administrative and collection fees	34,298	-	34,298
Insurance	10,607	-	10,607
Legal and accounting	56,572	-	56,572
Meeting and Conventions	841	-	841
Chipping program	4,226	-	4,226
General Election	33,627	-	33,627
Bookkeeping and clerical	8,340	-	8,340
Utilities	10,254	-	10,254
Director fees and training	5,000	-	5,000
Landscape and janitorial services	3,900	-	3,900
Website related	1,571	-	1,571
Repairs and maintenance	2,474	-	2,474
Depreciation	-	230,816	230,816
Permit fees	834	-	834
Notices and mailers	7,782	-	7,782
Capital outlay - replacement/improvement	220,347	(220,347)	_
Miscellaneous administrative costs	801		801
Total Expenditures	3,651,203	10,469	3,661,672
Excess of revenues over (under) Expenditure	416,646	(10,469)	406,177
Fund Balance July 1, 2020	5,395,276	1,187,311	6,582,587
Fund Balance June 30, 2021	\$ 5,811,922	\$ 1,176,842	\$6,988,764

FAIRVIEW FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Taxes	\$ 3,721,797	\$ 3,721,797	\$ 3,966,129	\$ 244,332	
Emergency medical services	27,379	27,379	27,275	(104)	
Interest income	71,406	71,406	74,279	2,873	
Other revenues	,	-	166	166	
Total Revenues	3,820,582	3,820,582	4,067,849	247,267	
EXPENDITURES					
Fire protection services	3,206,992	3,206,992	3,206,992	-	
Management	42,500	42,500	42,737	(237)	
Call dispatch services - 911	-	-	-	-	
County administrative and collection fees	35,500	35,500	34,298	1,202	
Insurance	12,000	12,000	10,607	1,393	
Weed abatement	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	
Chipping program	15,000	15,000	4,226	10,774	
Legal assistance	30,000	30,000	46,372	(16,372)	
Audit services	15,000	15,000	10,200	4,800	
Utilities	12,200	12,200	10,254	1,946	
Bookkeeping services	7,000	7,000	8,340	(1,340)	
Landscape services	4,200	4,200	3,900	300	
Fire protection staff (event staffing)	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	
Director fees and mileage	8,500	8,500	5,000	3,500	
Website	2,500	2,500	1,571	929	
Alarm system	2,750	2,750	2,474	276	
Director training	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	
Janitorial services	500	500	-	500	
Old Fire Station 8 upkeep	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	
Meeting and Conventions	-	-	841	(841)	
Notices and mailers	5,500	5,500	7,782	(2,282)	
Permits, fees and dues	-	-	834	(834)	
Election costs	32,000	32,000	33,627	(1,627)	
Disaster preparedness program	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	
Firewise/Residential Assistance	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	
Miscellaneous / other	2,483	2,483	801	1,682	
Capital outlay - replacement/improvements	252,120	252,120	220,347	31,773	
Total Expenditures	3,731,745	3,731,745	3,651,203	80,542	
Excess of revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ 88,837	\$ 88,837	\$ 416,646	\$ 327,809	
Fund Balance July 1, 2020			5,395,276		
Fund Balance June 30, 2021			\$ 5,811,922		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of the Reporting Entity

The Fairview Fire Protection District (District) was established to provide fire protection services within the District's boundaries. Under the terms of a contract between the City of Hayward (COH) and the District on February 1, 1993, the City of Hayward Fire Department took responsibility of providing fire protection services within the district. On February 1, 1993, all District employees became employees of the City of Hayward. The District pays the City of Hayward annually for the cost of these services. The District owns the equipment which is made available to the City of Hayward Fire Department at no cost. The City of Hayward Fire Department is responsible for the maintenance and replacement of the District equipment not included in the Capital replacement schedule. The purchase of fire engines and trucks are registered as property of the District.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities include the financial activities of the overall District government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. The General Fund is the District's only fund.

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of *current financial resources measurement focus*. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds present increases, (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Major Funds

GASB Statement No. 34 defines major funds and requires that the District's major governmental type funds be identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total.

The District reported the following major governmental fund in the accompanying financial statements:

• General Fund – The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. This fund is used to account for financial resources not accounted for in other funds.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after fiscal year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes

The District receives property taxes from the County of Alameda (County), which has been assigned the responsibility for assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County. Secured property taxes are levied on January 1 for the following fiscal year and on which date it becomes a lien on real property. Secured property taxes are due in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent after December 10 and April 10. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year they are received.

The District participated in the County's "Teeter Plan" method of property tax distribution and thus receives 100% of the District's apportionment each fiscal year, eliminating the need for an allowance for uncollectible. The County, in return, receives all penalties and interest on the related delinquent taxes. Under the Teeter Plan, the County remits property taxes to the District based on assessments, not on collections, according to the following schedule: 55 percent in December, 40 percent in April, and 5 percent at the end of the fiscal year. Property tax is recognized when it is available and measurable. The District considers property tax as available if it is received within 60 days after fiscal year end.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimated and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Capital Assets

Purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost when original cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date on donation. The District's policy is to capitalize all capital assets. Depreciation is recoded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the Statement of Net Position. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Equipment5 to 20 yearsSoftware7 yearsVehicles10 yearsStructures30 years

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Position and Fund Balances

Fund Balance Reporting

Under GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The Board of Directors, as the highest level of decision-making authority of the District, commits fund balances through resolutions. The Board has designated certain members of management staff to assign fund balances. These captions apply only to Fund Balance classifications:

- Nonspendable fund balances are those amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balances are those amounts that should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either
 - Externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or
 - Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation
- Committed fund balances are those amounts that cannot be used for any other purpose unless the
 government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed
 to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned fund balances are those amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, except for stabilization arrangements.
- Unassigned fund balances are those residual funds that have not been assigned to other funds, restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

It is the policy of the district to spend funds in order from restricted to unassigned, as listed above. *Net Position*

Net Position is the excess of all the District's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three captions under GASB Statement No. 34. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the government-wide level, and are described below:

• Investment in Capital, net of related debt describes the portion of Net Position that is represented by the current net book value of the District's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Position and Fund Balances (continued)

- Restricted describes the portion of Net Position that is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulation, laws, or other restrictions which the District cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects, debt service requirements, and redevelopment funds restricted to low and moderate income purposes.
- *Unrestricted* describes the portion of Net Position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital, net of related debt."

Implemented GASB Pronouncements

- GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- GASB Statement No. 90, Major Equity Interest an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61

<u>Upcoming New GASB Pronouncements</u>

- GASB Statement No. 87, Leases
- GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*
- GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements
- GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Cash with County	\$ 5,817,643
Petty Cash	
Total Cash and investments	\$ 5,817,643

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investment Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the **investment types** that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address **interest rate risk**, **credit risk** and **concentration of credit risk**. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California government Code or the District's investment policy.

Investment Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy (continued)

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
	37/4	3. 7	.
County of Alameda investment pool	N/A	None	None

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

Remaining Maturity (in Months)								
							More	
		12 Months or	13 to 24	25-36	37-48	49-60	than 60	
Investment Type	Totals	Less	Months	Months	Months	Months	Months	
Deposits with								
County of Alameda	\$5,817,643	\$5,817,643	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	
Total	\$5,817,643	\$5,817,643	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

				Rating as of Fiscal Year End					
Investment Type	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	Exempt From Disclosure	AAA	AA	A	Not Rated		
Deposits with County of									
Alameda	<u>\$5,817,643</u>	N/A	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$5,817,643		
Total	\$5,817,643		<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$5,817,643		

There are no investments in any one issuer other than deposits with the County of Alameda that represent 5% or more of total District investments.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance					Balance		
	June	30, 2020	Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2021	
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	28,000	\$	-	\$		\$	28,000
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Structures and improvements		552,370	-		-			552,370
Software		88,534	-				88,534	
Vehicles and equipment	1	,879,642	220,347					2,099,989
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2	2,520,546	22	20,347		-		2,740,893
Less accumulated depreciation	(1	,361,235)	(23	30,816)			(1,592,051)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1	,159,311	(10,469)		-		1,148,842
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1	,187,311	\$ (10,469)	\$	-	\$	1,176,842

Land is comprised of one lot. The original lot was acquired July 1962 and is valued at historical cost. Structures and improvements consist of the Old Fairview Fire Protection District Station. The value has not changed since June 1992. The station is currently used to store equipment. Depreciation expense was charged to function/program of the District's Governmental Activities.

In fiscal year 2020-2021, Fairview Fire Protection District purchased a Type VI Fire Apparatus.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

<u>4. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET WITH THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u>

Reconciling adjustments are as follows:

Total Fund Balance – Governmental General Fund (page 6)		\$ 5,811,922
Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 1,176,842	
		1,176,842
Total net position – Government-wide		\$ 6,988,764

5. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES WITH THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Reconciling adjustments are as follows:

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 406,177
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	 (10,469)
reported on Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues,	
Less depreciation expense and add back capital outlay not	
Excess of Revenues over/(under) Expenditures (page 7)	\$ 416,646

6. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the audit report date, the date from which the financial statements were available to be issued and has determined that there are no material events that require disclosure.